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## KENJA FUNGICIDE

KENJA is a broad spectrum fungicide with preventative, locally systemic and curative properties for foliar and soil-borne diseases.

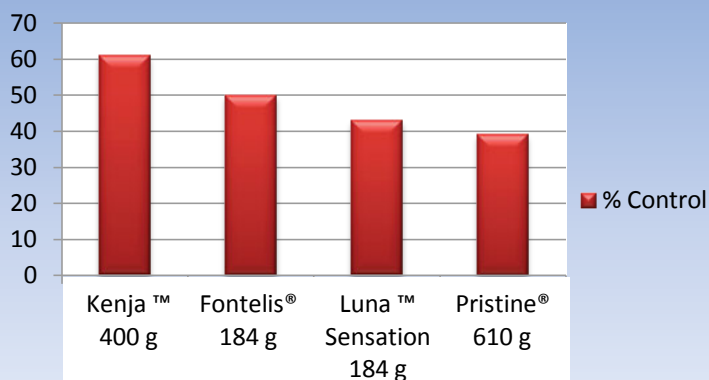
KENJA has a unique mode of action within FRAC Group 7 (SDHI), in that it will provide control of fungal pathogens resistant to other members in that group.





- An excellent 4<sup>th</sup> generation disease control product
- No known or confirmed cross resistance compared to other Group 7 fungicides
- Recommended for use as part of an Integrated Pest Management Program (IPM)
- Superior performance compared to all other Group 7 control products

#### GREY MOULD ON STRAWBERRIES



Data are the average of 8 trials  
Data are from fruit harvested and held in storage prior to evaluation for 3 – 7 days.  
Source: Florida Ag Research – 2013

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#### KENJA TECHNICAL INFORMATION

**For use on:** Grapes, Strawberries, Blueberries, Lettuce, Stone fruit, Apples

**Active Ingredient:** Isofetamid

**Formulation:** Suspension concentrate

**Packaging:** 4 x 4 L jugs

**Mode of Action:** Succinate Dehydrogenase Inhibitor (SDHI)

**FRAC Group:** 7

**Locally Systemic**

#### CONTROL APPLICATION GUIDELINES

CROP	DISEASE	RECOMMENDATIONS	SPRAY INTERVAL	REI (hr.)	PHI (days)	RATE
Grapes	Botrytis Bunch Rot ( <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> )	For bunch rot make applications at critical timings for Botrytis control on a 14 day interval – typically at early bloom, bunch closure, veraison, and pre-harvest. Do not make more than 3 applications in a year.	14 days	12	14	1.46 – 1.61 L / ha
Berries and small fruit High bush Blueberries, Raspberries, Except groups 13-07C, 13-07F, 13-07G	Grey Mold ( <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> )	Initiate applications prior to disease development. When disease pressure is severe, use the highest application rate and the shortest interval. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not use on tree berries.	7 – 14 days	12	7	0.987 – 1.24 L / ha
Low growing berries Crop group 13-07G		Initiate applications prior to disease development. When disease pressure is severe, use the highest application rate and the shortest interval. Do not make more than 5 applications per year. Do not use on tree berries.			0	0.987 – 1.24 L / ha
Lettuce	Sclerotinia Drop ( <i>Sclerotinia</i> )	On direct seeded lettuce make the first application after emergence, thinning or prior to onset of disease development. On transplanted lettuce make the first application immediately after transplanting or prior to the onset of disease development.	14 days	12	14	0.9 L / ha
Stone Fruit	Brown Rot, Blossom Blight ( <i>Monilinia fructicola</i> ) (Suppression)	Do not make more than 2 sequential applications of KENJA 400SC Fungicide or other Group 7 containing fungicides before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.	7 - 14 days	12	1	.913 L / ha
Apples	Apple Scab ( <i>Venturia inaequalis</i> )	Initiate applications prior to disease development	10 – 14 days	12	20	.913 L / ha

Do not make more than 2 sequential applications of Kenja before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Always read and follow label directions.

KENJA is a trademark of Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha Ltd.